

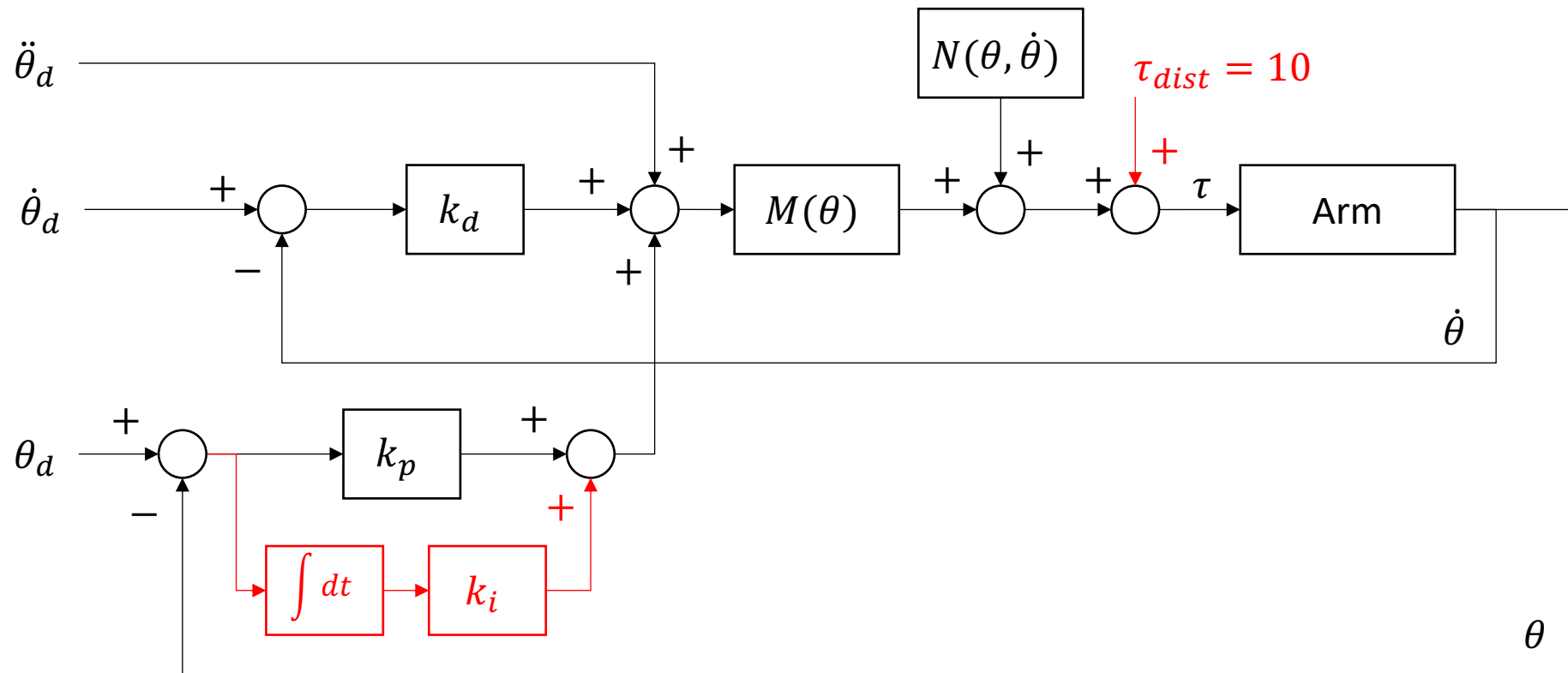
# ME729 Advanced Robotics - Homework #9

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Sangsin Park, Ph.D.

**Email me *a pdf file* by next Monday 6 p.m.**

1. Consider the two-link manipulator example given by the lecture. In our lecture, we dealt with the PD computed-torque controller. But there is torque disturbance,  $\tau_{dist}$ . With reference to the lecture note and the Simulink blocks of the PD computed-torque controller, **simulate the PID computed-torque controller**. That is, **add the torque disturbance ( $\tau_{dist} = 10$ ) and the integral controller**. Then, find P, I, and D gain ( $k_p$ ,  $k_I$ , and  $k_d$ ) to make a good response and eliminate steady-state error. [5]



2. There is an inverted pendulum. Its equation of motion is

$$\tau = mL^2\ddot{\theta} - mgL \sin \theta \text{ or}$$

$$\ddot{\theta} = \frac{1}{mL^2} (\tau + mgL \sin \theta)$$

The physical parameters are given as

$$m = 35 \text{ kg, and } L = 0.9\text{m}$$

Initial conditions are

$$\theta = 0 \text{ and } \dot{\theta} = 0.35 \text{ rad/s}$$

Control the system to **keep it upright** ( $\theta_d = 0, \dot{\theta}_d = 0, \text{ and } \ddot{\theta}_d = 0$ ) using **the PID computed-torque controller**, and tune the gains to make a good response. [5]

